



THE INTERNET: HOW IT CHANGED THE WORLD

M3U1P1

WHAT IS THE INTERNET?

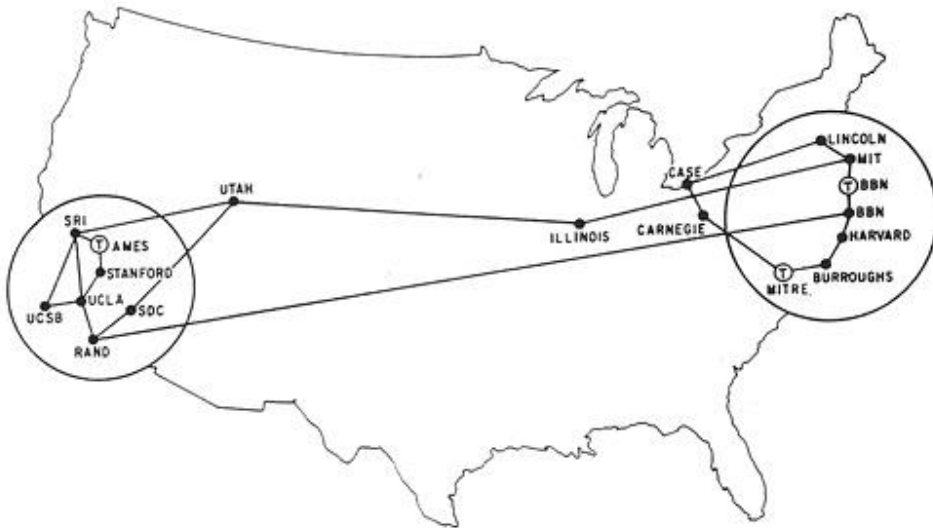


WHAT DO YOU USE THE INTERNET FOR?



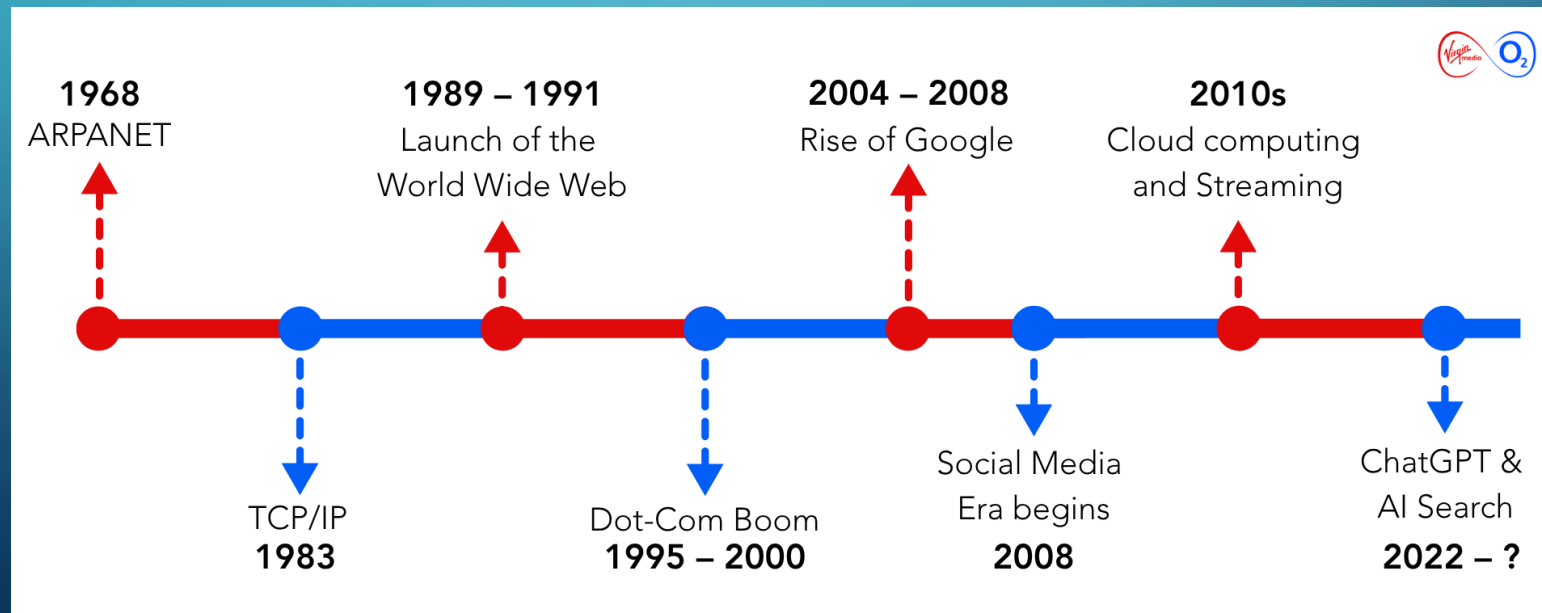
INTERNET HISTORY

- Made by Advanced Research Projects Agency (ARPA) of the U.S. government in 1969 and it was known as **ARPANet**



MAP 4 September 1971

- Main idea of the Internet was to create a network that will allow users of different Computer research departments communicate with each other
- The message could be sent in more than one direction, which means that the network could function even if the parts of it were destroyed



BEFORE INTERNET

- Smaller cities are connected regionally to the main city in that region
- Those main cities are connected to the capital city of the country
- If one of the main cities stops working, the rest of the network also stops working

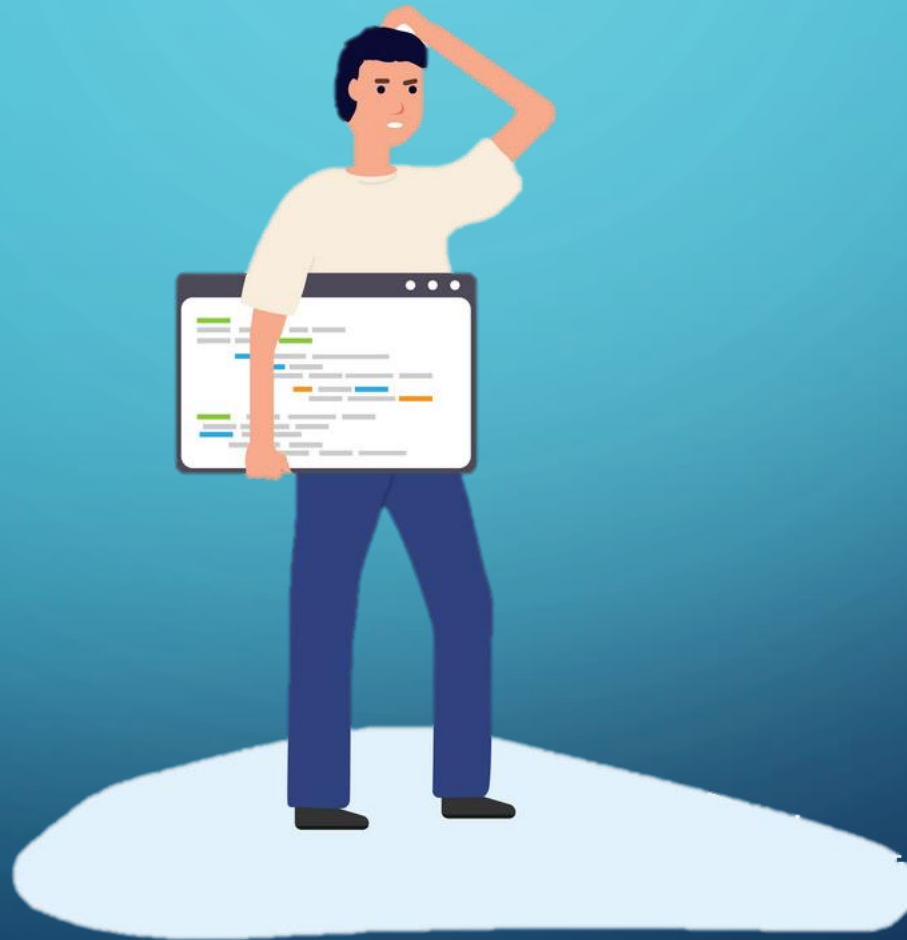


AFTER INTERNET

- All cities are connected with each other so in case if one part of the network stops working, the rest will still work



HOW DOES THE INTERNET WORK?



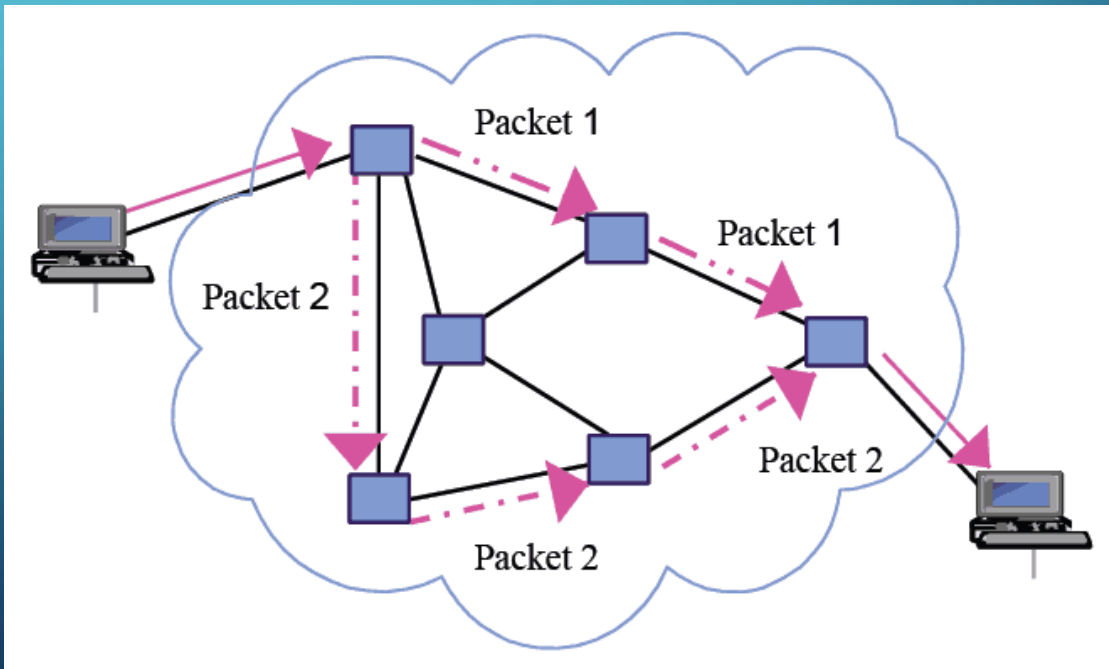
HOW DOES THE INTERNET WORK?

- It sends data between devices
- You send a message
- It is broken into small pieces (packets)
- Packets travel through different routes
- Reassembled at destination



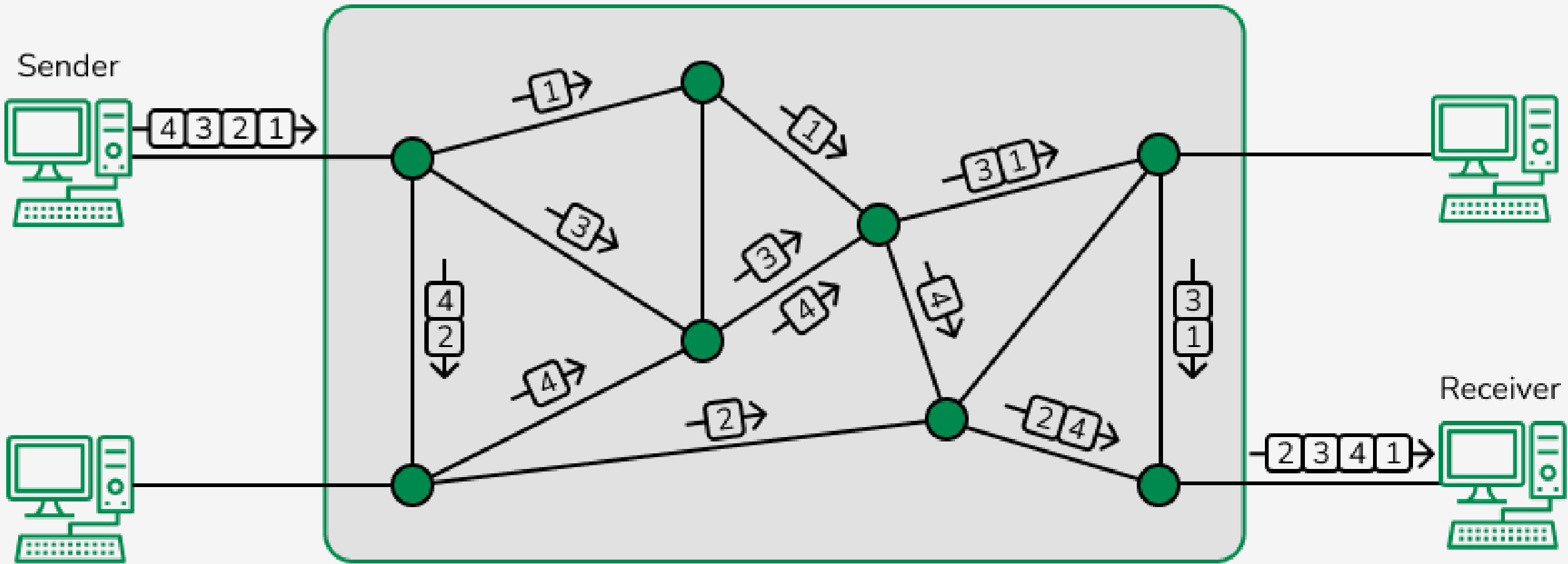
TRANSFERRING DATA

- The process of transferring information from one device to another device is called **packet switching**
- Each computer connected to the Internet is assigned a unique IP address that allows the device to be recognized



Packet Switching

● Routers



HOW DOES THE INTERNET WORK?

- The Internet has two major components
 - Hardware
 - Network protocols

HOW DOES THE INTERNET WORK?

Physical	Technical
<p>Hardware:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Cables- Routers- Servers	<p>Network protocols:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)

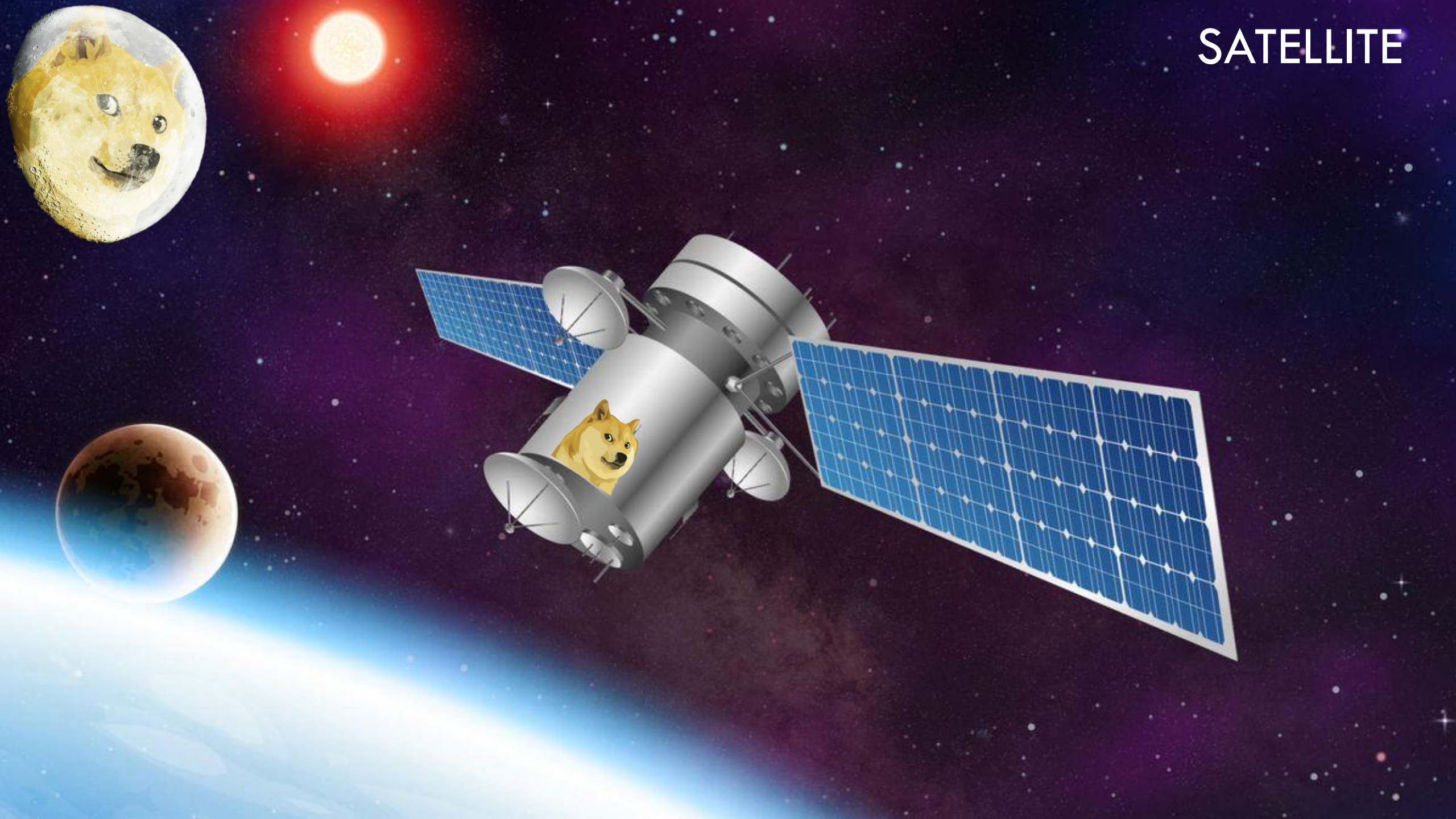


WHAT IS HARDWARE?

HARDWARE

- It includes everything from the computer to smartphones that is used to access the Internet
 - Devices → phone, computer
 - Network → routers, towers
 - Global → satellites

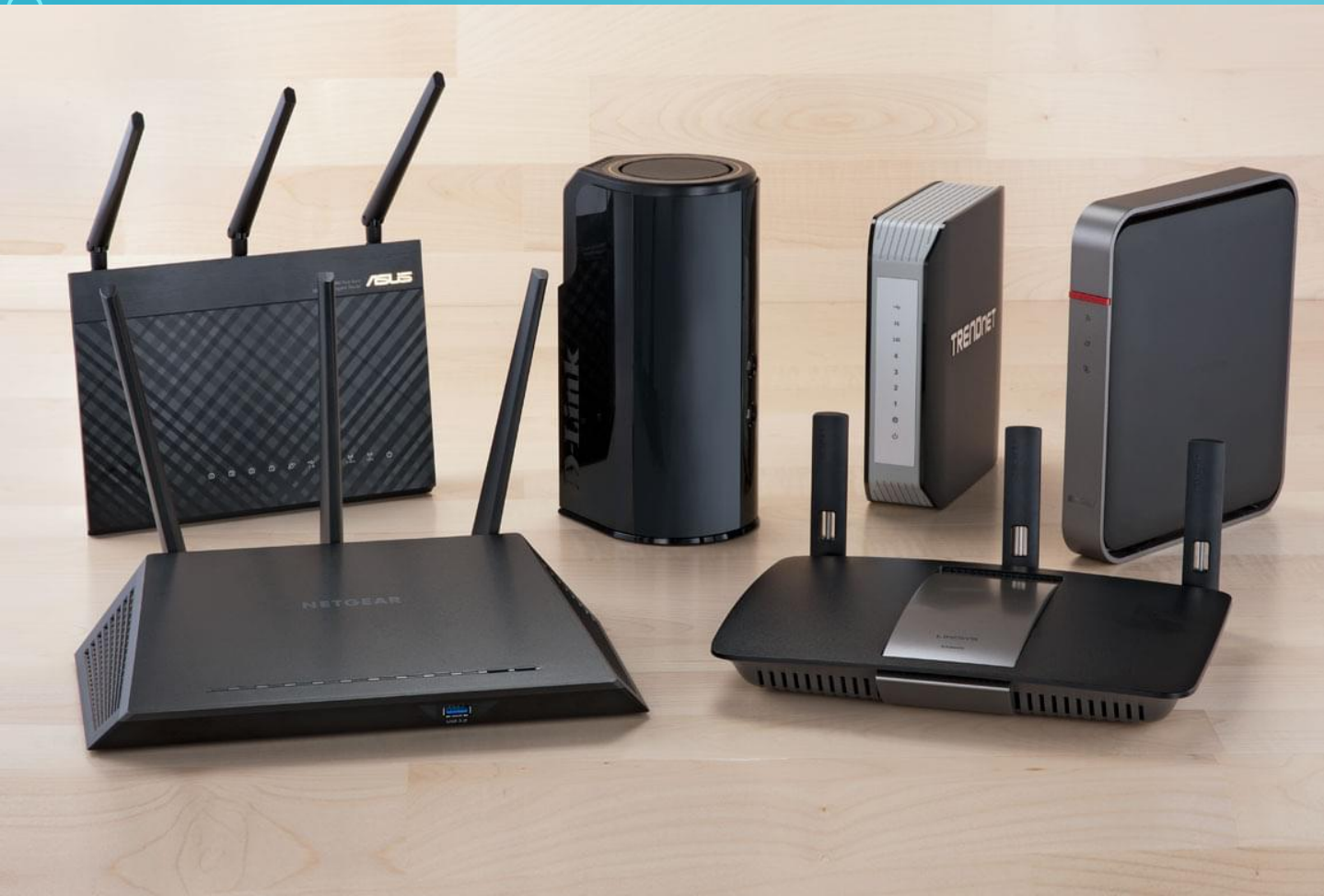
SATELLITE



RADIO AND CELLPHONE TOWERS



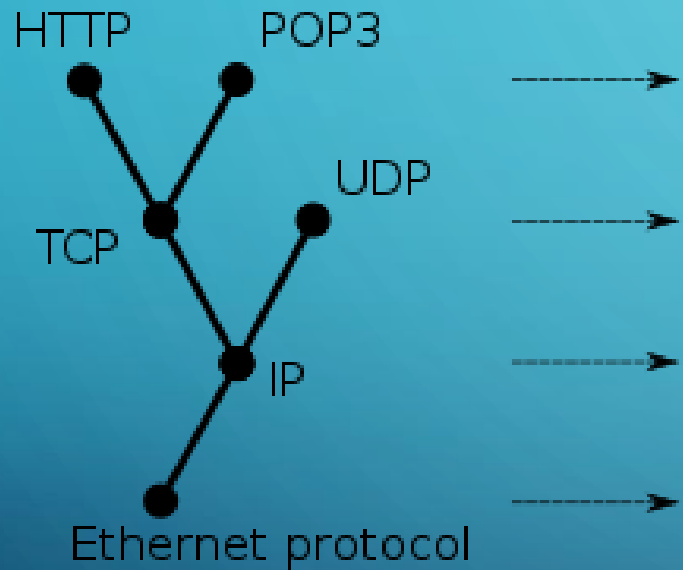
ROUTERS AND SERVERS



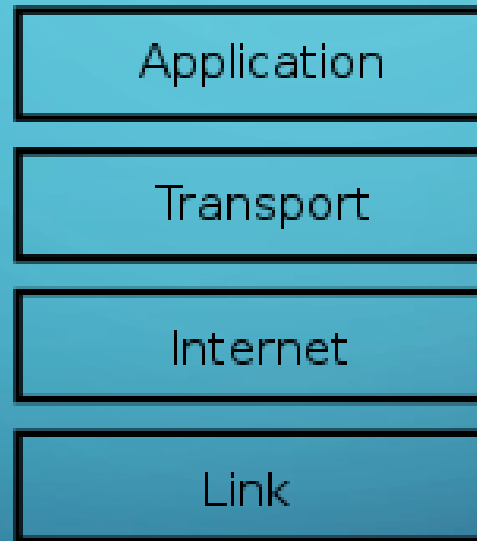
The background is a solid teal color with a subtle gradient. In the four corners, there are decorative white line-art elements resembling circuit traces or network connections, with small circles at the end of the lines.

WHAT ARE NETWORK PROTOCOLS?

PROTOCOLS



TCP/IP - model







- The protocols are set of rules for communication
- Without these rules, machines would not be able to communicate

USES OF THE INTERNET

- In general, the Internet can be used to communicate across large or small distances, share information from any place in the world and access information or answers to almost any question in moments



USES OF THE INTERNET

- Some specific examples of how the Internet is used include:
 - Communication 
 - Education 
 - Entertainment 
 - Shopping 

WHICH DO YOU USE THE MOST?

The background is a gradient of blue, darker at the bottom. In the four corners, there are white line-art graphics resembling circuit boards or neural networks, with lines connecting to small circles.

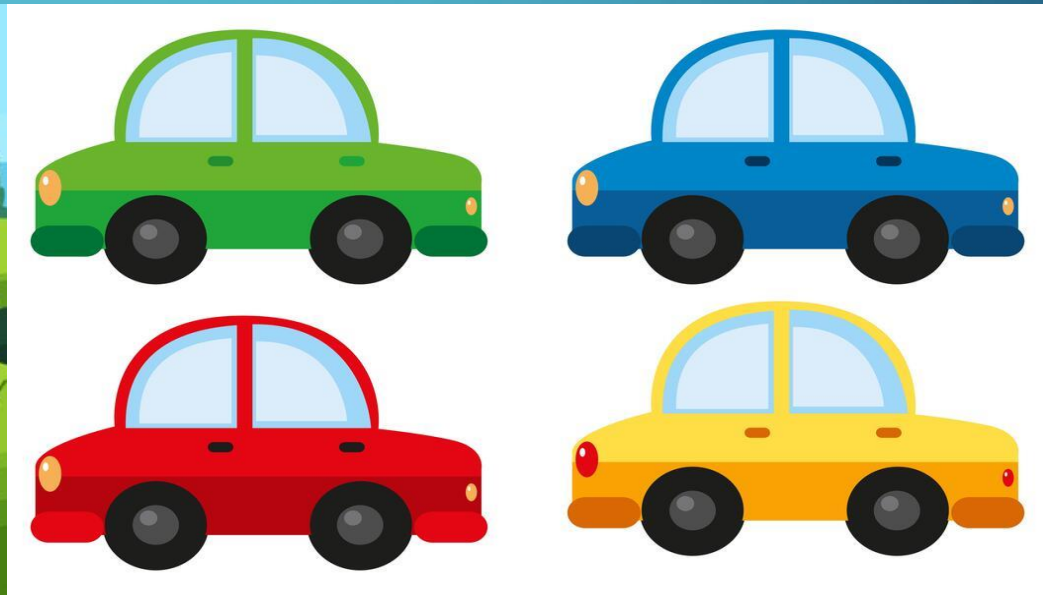
WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN
THE **WORLD WIDE WEB**
AND
THE **INTERNET?**

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE WORLD WIDE WEB AND THE INTERNET

- The key difference between the World Wide Web (WWW or Web) and the Internet is that the **Internet** is a global connection of networks while the **Web is a collection of information that can be accessed using the Internet.**
- In other words, the Internet is the infrastructure, and the Web is a service on top

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE WORLD WIDE WEB AND THE INTERNET

INTERNET	WEB
Network	Information
Infrastructure	Website



INTERNET OR WEB?



DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE WORLD WIDE WEB AND THE INTERNET

- The Web provides access to billions of pages of information
- Web browsing is done through a **Web browser**, the most popular of which are Google Chrome, Firefox, Opera, Safari and Internet Explorer.



Opera



Google Chrome



Safari



Mozilla Firefox



Internet Explorer



Microsoft Edge

SECURITY AND THE INTERNET

- A lot of information is collected on the internet, both public and private. This can put users at risk of data breaches and other security problems.
- Hackers can enter systems and steal important information, such as login details and bank or credit card data.



SECURITY AND THE INTERNET

- Some steps that can be taken to protect online privacy include:
 - Installing antivirus and antimalware programs
 - Creating difficult passwords that are impossible to guess
 - Using a virtual private network (VPN) or, at least, a private browsing mode, such as Google Chrome's Incognito window
 - Only use HTTPS

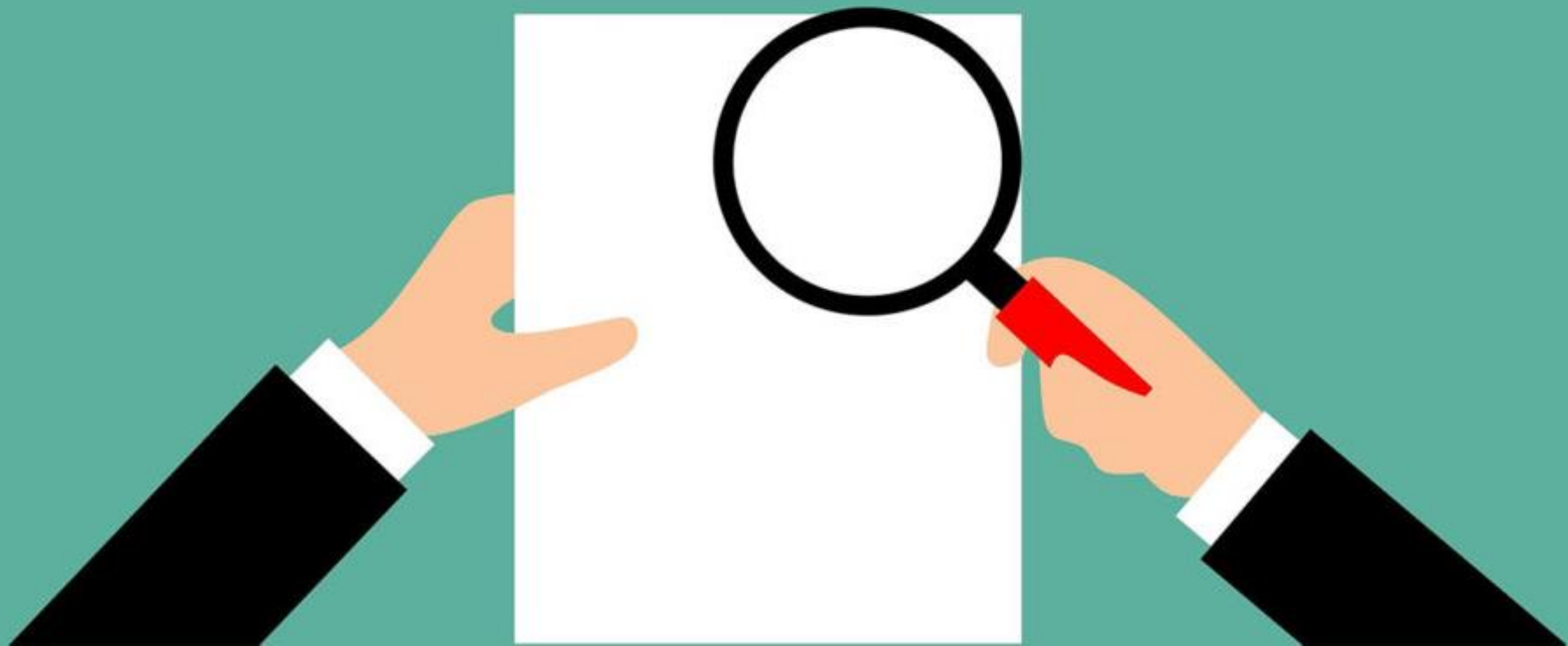
SECURITY AND THE INTERNET

- Some steps that can be taken to protect online privacy include:
 - Making all social media accounts private
 - Turning off the device's GPS
 - Logging out of accounts instead of just closing the tab or window
 - Using caution with spam email and never open or download content from unknown sources
 - Using caution when accessing public Wi-Fi or hotspots

The image features a blue gradient background with white circuit-like lines in the corners. These lines consist of straight paths that branch out and terminate in small circles, resembling a network or data flow diagram. The lines are positioned in the top-left, top-right, bottom-left, and bottom-right corners, framing the central text.

ANY QUESTIONS?

Review



1. WHICH OF THESE IS PACKET SWITCHING

A Rules for communication

B Unique device number

C Data sent in small pieces

2. WHICH OF THESE IS PROTOCOL

A Rules for communication

B Unique device number

C Data sent in small pieces

3. WHICH OF THESE IS IP ADDRESS

A Rules for communication

B Unique device number

C Data sent in small pieces

4. WHAT IS THE INTERNET?

A A website

B A network of computers

C A game

5. WHAT DOES TCP/IP DO?

- A Stores data
- B Controls rules
- C Makes websites

The background is a dark teal gradient. In the corners, there are decorative white line-art elements resembling circuit traces or network diagrams, with small circles at the end of the lines.

6. WHAT DO YOU USE THE INTERNET FOR MOST?

The background is a dark teal gradient. In the corners, there are white line-art illustrations of circuit boards or neural networks, with lines connecting to small circles.

7. HOW CAN YOU STAY SAFE ONLINE?



THE END